

## United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/488,351	01/20/2000	Terry L. Cole	2000.023000	2000.023000 4297	
23720	7590 11/17/2005		EXAMINER		
•	MORGAN & AMER	AHN, SAM K			
10333 RICHMOND, SUITE 1100 HOUSTON, TX 77042			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			2637		

DATE MAILED: 11/17/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

./	
٤X	
17.	

## **Advisory Action**

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/488,351	COLE, TERRY L.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Sam K. Ahn	2637	

0 ( 4 52 ( 4 10 )							
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Sam K. Ahn	2637					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 10 October 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	R ALLOWANCE.					
The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or o this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notation (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in comp following time periods:	owing replies: (1) an amendment, a otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in liance with 37 CFR 1.114. The repl	ffidavit, or other evide compliance with 37 (	ence, which CFR 41.31; or				
	The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection. The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no						
event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later th Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b) MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date o . ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FI ).	f the final rejection. RST REPLY WAS FILE	D WITHIN TWO				
extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on seen filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension a CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened stabove, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three month arned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	and the corresponding amount of the fee. atutory period for reply originally set in the s after the mailing date of the final rejection	The appropriate extension final Office action; or (2) on, even if timely filed, ma	on fee under 37 as set forth in (b) ay reduce any				
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in com of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any e Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be a Notice of Appeal has been filed.	extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)	), to avoid dismissal (	of the appeal.				
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further compared (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below) They are not deemed to place the application in beautiful appeal; and/or	onsideration and/or search (see NO ow);	TE below);					
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a))		jected claims.					
The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.  Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s	s):						
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a the non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	allowable if submitted in a separate	, timely filed amendn	nent canceling				
7. Tor purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proof The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		ill be entered and an	explanation of				
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:							
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:  AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
B. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, because applicant failed to provide a showing of good ar and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	nd sufficient reasons why the affida	vit or other evidence	is necessary				
The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessal.	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe ry and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fa See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(	ills to provide a (1).				
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the control	on of the status of the claims after (	entry is below or attac	cned.				
<ol> <li>The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet.</li> </ol>	ut does NOT place the application i	n condition for allowa	ance because:				
2. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper	No(s)					
13.							

transceiver.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: the argument is not persuasive. The applicants argue that Wu in view of Wiese do not teach or suggest in combination of all the subject matter claimed. The examiner respectfully disagrees. The examiner maintains the rejection and addresses that Wu in view of Wiese teach identical features of the claimed subject matter. The applicants, on page 13 request to cite a reference for the teaching that the second transceiver transmitting training parameters to the first transceiver to perform training parameter is identical to the first transceiver calculating the training parameter, performing training, and transmitting the training parameters to the second transceiver. McHale et al. USP 6,278,728 B1 (McHale) teach first transceiver (see Fig.3) calculating the training parameter (62 - 68) and performing training (70-82). Hence, McHale teaches performing training parameter based on parameters implemented to increase the performance of the first

Furthermore, Wu also teaches performing training parameters (74C in Fig.9) based on parameters implemented to increase the performance of the first transceivers. Thus, both Wu and McHale teaches first transceiver performing training parameters based on a superior quality of parameters, regardless of whether the training parameters are generated from the first transceiver or is received from the second transceiver. Furthermore, the training parameters used by the second transceiver (72R) provides superior quality for its own training, and therefore, the same training parameter is sufficient to provide superior quality to the first transceiver. Hence, the second transceiver providing the training parameters and the first transceiver providing its own training parameters, both methods provides superior quality of training parameters. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to analyze that calculating the training parameter performed by the first transceiver and transmitting the training parameter to the second transceiver, and further, the second transceiver transmitting training parameter to the first transceiver to perform training is identical to the process of the first transceiver calculating the training parameter, performing training, and transmitting the training parameter to the second transceiver, as the first transceiver is adjusted through the training parameter, and further in the system of Wu, both transceivers is optimally adjusted for transmission.

YOUNG T. TSE PHIMARY EXAMINER